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**328314(28)**

APR-MAY

**B. E. (Third Semester) Examination, 2020**

**(Old Scheme)**

**(AEI, CSE, EI, ET&T & IT Engg. Branch)**

**NETWORK ANALYSIS and SYNTHESIS**

**Time Allowed : Three hours**

**Maximum Marks : 80**

**Minimum Pass Marks : 28**

**Note : Attempt all questions. Part (a) of each question is compulsory and carry 2 marks. Part (b), (c) and (d) carry 7 marks. Attempt any two from (b), (c) and (d).**

1. (a) Define the Laplace transform of unit ramp function. 2
- (b) A two mesh network is shown in fig. 1. Obtain the expression for  $I_1(s)$  and  $I_2(s)$ . When the switch is closed.

[ 2 ]

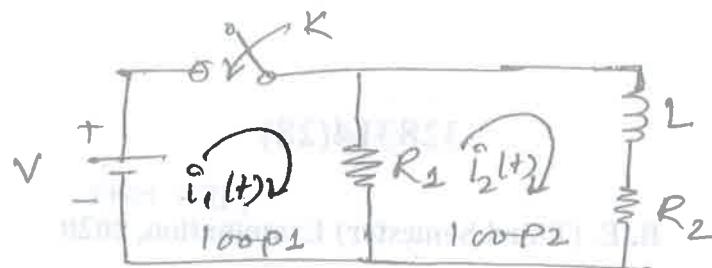


fig. (1)

(c) Obtain inverse Laplace transform of  $I(s)$ . When

$$I(s) = \frac{250}{(s^2 + 625)(s + 2)}$$

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(d) In the network of fig. 2  $C_1$  is initially charged at  $V_1$  potential polarities being marked in the figure 2. With switching of  $k$  at  $t = 0$ , find the distribution of voltage in  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  at  $t = \infty$  assuming zero initial charge across  $C_2$ .

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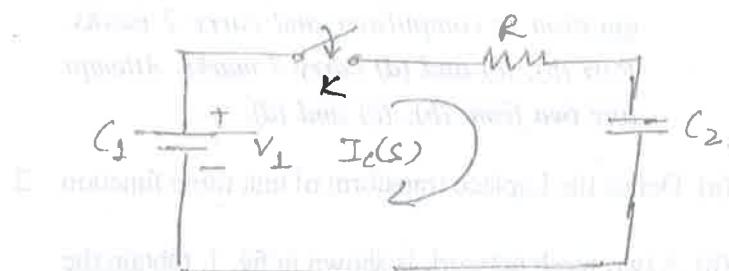


fig. (2)

[ 3 ]

2. (a) What is characteristic impedance?

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- (b) Find transmission parameter for the circuits of (i) fig. 3 and (ii) fig. 4 and verify that  $AD - BC = 1$ .  
 (iii) If both the circuits are connected in cascade find overall transmission parameters.

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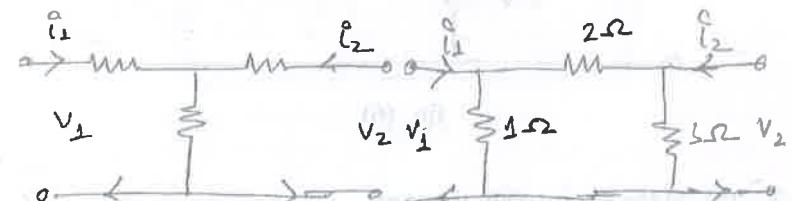


fig. (3)

fig. (4)

- (c) Fig. (5) shows a resistive  $T$  network and a resistive  $\pi$  network connected in parallel. Find the overall  $y$  parameter of the combination.

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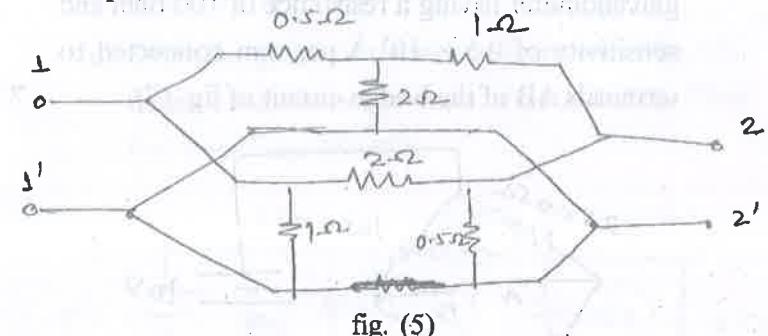


fig. (5)

- (d) Fig. (6) shows the equivalent circuit of a transistor for a certain frequency range find  $h$  parameters.

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[ 4 ]

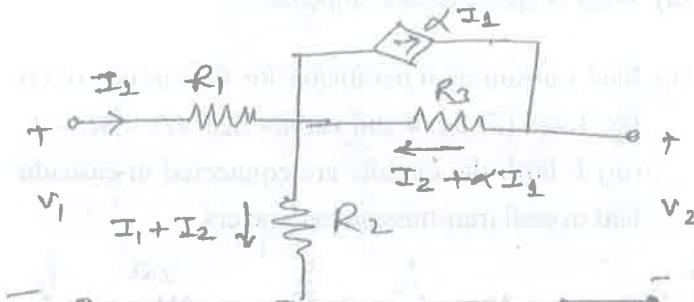


fig. (6)

3. (a) State Reciprocity theorem.

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(b) Derive maximum power transfer theorem (i) for dc network (ii) for ac networks.

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(c) Use Thevenin's theorem to find the deflection of galvanometer having a resistance of 100 ohm and sensitivity of  $0.5 \times 10^5$  A per mm connected to terminals AB of the bridge circuit of fig. (7).

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fig. (7)

[ 5 ]

(d) Use Norton's theorem to find the current in 10 ohm resistance of fig. (8).

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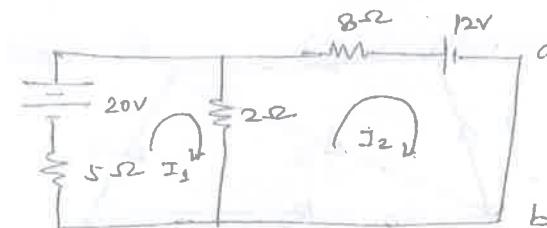


fig. (8)

4. (a) What is Cramer's rules.

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(b) Define the terms :

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Graph, oriented graph, mesh, node, Supermesh, Supernode, Tree

(c) Draw the graph of the network shown in fig. (9).

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Select a suitable tree to write tie-set schedule. Then find three loop currents.

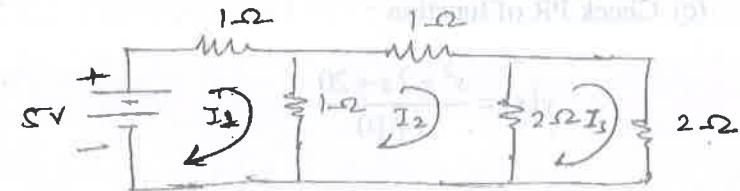


fig. (9)

[ 6 ]

- (d) Find the fundamental cut-set matrix for the following network graph (fig. 10).

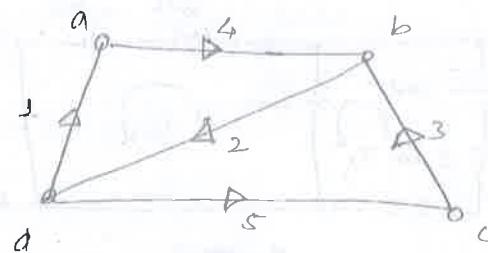


fig. (10)

5. (a) What is reactance function.

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- (b) A LC impedance function for a one port network is given by :

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$$z(s) = \frac{s(s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 9)}$$

Synthesis the network in foster-I forms.

- (c) Check PR of function :

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$$y(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s + 20}{s + 10}$$

- (d) An admittance function is given by

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[ 7 ]

$$y(s) = \frac{4s^2 + 6s}{s + 1}$$

Realise the network using Cauer's 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> forms.